UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

EUGENE OKOH,

Petitioner

- against -

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Respondent.	
	X

APPENDIX FOR MOTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. SECTION 2255

06 CR 0009 (VM)

LAW OFFICE OF SAM A. SCHMIDT Attorney for Petitioner Eugene Okoh 111 Broadway, Suite 1305 New York, New York 10006 (212) 346-4666 (tel) (212) 346-4665 (fax) Email: lawschmidt@aol.com

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK -----x EUGENE OKOH

Petitioner

PETITIONER'S AFFIDAVIT

-against-

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Respondent

State of New York }

ss:

County of New York}

EUGENE OKOH, being duly sworn deposes and says:

I am the Petitioner in the above entitled case. I submit this affidavit in support of the motion to vacate my conviction and withdraw my plea under 28 U.S.C. § 2255. The facts stated in this affidavit are true except as stated to be based upon information and belief from other sources.

I was born in Nigeria on August 21, 1983. On August 26, 1996, my mother became an American citizen while I was residing in Nigeria. In 1997, I entered the United States and remained without a valid visa or documentation. In March 2001, when I was seventeen (17) years old, I filed for an adjustment of status as being a minor child of an American citizen. While still seventeen (17) years old and awaiting for the adjustment of status, I received a temporary work permit. I received my alien registration card soon after February 11, 2002.

On November 4, 2005, I was arrested and charged with participating in a conspiracy to commit bank fraud. I was assigned an attorney, Frank Handelman, Esq., to represent me. On

January 4, 2006, an Indictment was filed charging me with conspiracy to commit bank fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1349.

I understood that I obtained United States citizenship derivatively as a result of my mother's citizenship and contacted an immigration attorney to be sure. I was told that I did become a citizen derivatively and that I could apply for a certificate or passport as proof of my citizenship. I applied for such documentation, submitting my Nigerian birth certificate, my alien registration card and my mother's Certificate of Naturalization. I received a United States Passport with the number 216311494 on or about February 9, 2006.

Prior to receiving the passport, I had limited discussions with my assigned attorney relating to my options as to how to resolve my case. I understood that the choices were to go to trial or to plead guilty with or without cooperating. After receiving the passport and having no fear of immigration consequences, my discussions with my attorney turned to limiting the period of incarceration to as little as possible. The result of these discussions was the receipt of a plea agreement in which the Guidelines range was 8-14 months and the loss was more than \$10,000.

As a result of the discussions with my attorney, I understood that the judge was not bound by the agreement nor the Guideline sentencing range, and I believed that the plea agreement was the best way to limit the time I would have to serve in jail. Limiting jail time was more important than any issue relating to loss or restitution. Because I did not believe that I faced any problems with my status as an American citizen, I had little or no discussion with my attorney as to the loss amount that I would be legally responsible for.

On April 11, 2006, I entered a guilty plea to the conspiracy to commit bank fraud. During the plea allocution, the district judge asked me if I was a citizen. Because I had received my passport

as confirmation of my citizenship and there was no doubt in my mind, I answered yes.

The district court then explained to me some of the civil rights, as a citizen, I may lose as a result of my conviction. There was no mention of the amount of loss resulting from the offense of conviction.

On July 27, 2006 at the sentencing hearing, the amount of restitution was not determined and was left to be determined at some future time. Though my attorney objected to the amount of loss that was noted in the presentence report, he made no effort to argue that the loss was less than \$10,000. I had no discussion as to the significance of the determination of the loss as it related to my status in the United States.

On July 27, 2006, I was sentenced to four (4) months incarceration and three (3) years supervised release with four (4) months home confinement with restitution to be set at a later date. I surrendered to the Bureau of Prisons on August 29, 2006. On September 11, 2006, an amended judgment of conviction was filed setting restitution in the amount of \$32,512.40.

Just prior to my scheduled release on December 29, 2007, an immigration hold was placed on me. Soon after that, I learned that the United States Department of State claimed that I received a passport in error and that I was not a United States citizen. I also learned that the offense that I pled guilty to was an "aggravated felony" under immigration law because it involved fraud and the loss to the victims was more than \$10,000.

Had I not received the United States passport that confirmed both my understanding and my

immigration attorney's statement to me that I was a citizen, but instead, was informed that the Department of State believed I was not a United States citizen, I would have discussed the effects of any conviction on my ability to remain in the United States. I would have learned that I would face deportation if convicted of an aggravated felony and that the offense I was charged with would be an aggravated felony if the loss to the victims was greater than \$10,000 because it involved fraud.

Under these circumstances I would not have pled guilty and conceded that the loss was more than \$10,000. I understand that there were options available other than the plea agreement that I entered into. These options included going to trial, negotiating an amount certain of loss less than \$10,000, pleading guilty to an offense that was not an aggravated felony and even requesting consideration for a deferred prosecution.

Since my attorney, the government prosecutor, the court and myself believed that I was a United States citizen, I had no discussions with my attorney on the effect that a conviction would have on my status in the United States. I also believe that my attorney had no discussions with the government's attorney relating to my immigration status during plea negotiations.

EUGENE OKOH

Sworn to me this 25th

day of July, 2007

Notary Public

NATHANIEL B. SMITH Notary Public State of New York No. 02SM603258

Qualfied in Kings County Commission Expires Nov. 11, 200

immigration and Naturalization Service	Continuation	ge for Form
Alien's Name	File Number	Date
Eugene Odiji OKOH	Case No: CNJ0712000070 A079 112 055	
The Service alleges that you:		

- 1) You are not a citizen or national of the United States;
- You are a native of NIGERIA and a citizen of NIGERIA;
- 3) You were admitted to the United States at New York, NY on or about February 11, 2002 as an IMMIGRANT;
- 4) You were, on July 27, 2006, convicted in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, for the offense of CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT BANK FRAUD in violation of Title 18 USC 1349 under case number 06CR0009;
- 5) For that offense, a sentence of one year or longer may be imposed;
- 6) You were ordered to pay restitution in the amount of \$32,512.40.

On the basis of the foregoing, it is charged that you are subject to removal from the United States pursuant to the following provision(s) of law:

Section 237(a)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, in that you have been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude committed within five years after admission for which a sentence of one year or longer may be imposed.

Section 237(a)(2)(A)(iii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (Act), as amended, in that, at any time after admission, you have been convicted of an aggravated felony as defined in section 101(a)(43)(M) of the Act, a law relating to an offense that (i) involves fraud or deceit in which the loss to the victim or victims exceeds \$10,000; or (ii) is described in The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, Section 7201 (relating to tax evasion) in which the revenue loss to the Government exceeds \$10,000.

-	
Signature / / / /	Title
Joseph li Kerney	ACTING SDO
	of Pages
Form I-831 Continuation Page (Rev. 6/12/92)	

Notice to Respondent

Warning: Any statement you make may be used against you in removal proceedings.

Alien Registration: This copy of the Notice to Appear served upon you is evidence of your alien registration while you are under removal proceedings. You are required to carry it with you at all times.

Representation: If you so choose, you may be represented in this proceeding, at no expense to the Government, by an attorney or other individual authorized and qualified to represent persons before the Executive Office for Immigration Review, pursuant to 8 CFR 3.16. Unless you so request, no hearing will be scheduled earlier than ten days from the date of this notice to allow you sufficient time to secure counsel. A list of qualified attorneys and organizations who may be available to represent you at no cost will be provided with this Notice.

Conduct of the hearing: At the time of your hearing, you should bring with you any affidavits or other documents which you desire to have considered in connection with your case. If any document is in a foreign language, you must bring the original and a certified English translation of the document. If you wish to have the testimony of any witnesses considered, you should arrange to have such witnesses present at the hearing.

At your hearing you will be given the opportunity to admit or deny any or all of the allegations in the Notice to Appear and that you are inadmissible or deportable on the charges contained in the Notice to Appear. You will have an opportunity to present evidence on your own behalf, to examine any evidence presented by the Government, to object, on proper legal grounds, to the receipt of evidence and to cross examine any witnesses presented by the Government. At the conclusion of your hearing, you have a right to appeal an adverse decision by the immigration judge.

You will be advised by the immigration judge before whom you appear, of any relief from removal for which you may appear eligible including the privilege of departing voluntarily. You will be given a reasonable opportunity to make any such application to the immigration judge.

Failure to appear: You are required to provide the INS, in writing, with your full mailing address and telephone number. You must notify the Immigration Court immediately by using Form EOIR-33 whenever you change your address or telephone number during the course of this proceeding. You will be provided with a copy of this form. Notices of hearing will be mailed to this address. If you do not submit Form EOIR-33 and do not otherwise provide an address at which you may be reached during proceedings, then the Government shall not be required to provide you with written notice of your hearing. If you fail to attend the hearing at the time and place designated on this notice, or any date and time later directed by the Immigration Court, a removal order may be made by the immigration judge in your absence, and you may be arrested and detained by the INS.

	Prompt Hearing earing. I waive my right to have a 10-day period prior to appearing
Before:	(Signature of Respondent)
	Date:
(Signature and Title of INS Officer)	
Certifica	nte of Service,
This Notice to Appear was served on the respondent by me on	12/29/2006, in the following manner and in
compliance with section 239(a)(1)(F) of the Act:	
in person	eipt requested
Attached is a list of organizations and attorneys which provide	e free legal services.
The alien was provided oral notice in the <u>English</u> and of the consequences of failure to appear as provided in section	language of the time and place of his or her hearing n 240(b)(7) of the Act.
Signature of Respondent if Personally Served)	(Signature and Title of Officer)

Form I-862 (Rev. 3/22/99)N

From evidence submitted to me, it appears that:

Warrant for Arrest of Alien

Case No: CNJ0712000070 File No. <u>A079 112 055</u> Date: December 28, 2006

To any officer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service delegated authority pursuant to section 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act:

Eugene Odiji OKOH AKA: OKOH, EUGENE				
(Full name of alien)				
an alien who entered the United States at or near New York, NY On (Port)				
is within the country in violation of the immigration laws and is				
therefore liable to being taken into custody as authorized by section 236 of the Immigration and				
Nationality Act.				
By virtue of the authority vested in me by the immigration laws of the United States and the				
regulations issued pursuant thereto, I command you to take the above-named alien into custody				
for proceedings in accordance with the applicable provisions of the immigration laws and regulations.				
·				
Joseph P. Kenney				
Joseph C. Kenney (Print name of official)				
ACTING SDO				
(Title)				
Certificate of Service				
Served by me at <u>Manuton</u> NJ on <u>12/29/2006</u> at <u>12'30 pm</u> . I certify that following such service, the alien was advised concerning his or her right to counsel and was furnished a copy of this warrant.				
Signature of officer serving warrant) Description of the serving warrant of the serving wa				
(Title of officer serving warrant) Form I-200 (Rev. 4-1-97)N				

U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

Notice of Custody Determination

Case No: CNJ0712000070 File No: A079 112 055

Date: 12/28/2006

Eugene Odiji OKOH AKA: OKOH, EUGENE

C/O US BOP - FORT DIX FCI PO BOX 38 FORT DIX, NJ 08640

Code of Federal Regulations, I have determined tha	of the Immigration and Nationality Act and part 236 of title 8, at pending a final determination by the immigration judge in d from the United States, until you are taken into custody for				
■ detained in the custody of this Service.					
☐ released under bond in the amount of \$_☐ released on your own recognizance.					
☐ You may request a review of this determination	by an immigration judge.				
	tion by an immigration judge because the Immigration and				
	Joseph C. Konney J. Signature of authorized officer)				
	ACTING SDO (Title of authorized officer)				
·	Cherry Hill, New Jersey (INS office location)				
☐ do not request a redetermination of this ☐ I acknowledge receipt of this notification. (Signature of respondent)	custody decision by an immigration judge. 12/29/2006				
RESULT OF CUSTODY REDETERMINATION					
On, custody status/conditions for release were reconsidered by:					
☐ Immigration Judge ☐ District Director	☐ Board of Immigration Appeals				
The results of the redetermination/reconsideration ☐ No change - Original determination upheld. ☐ Detain in custody of this Service. ☐ Bond amount reset to	n are: Release-Order of Recognizance Release-Personal Recognizance Other:				
(Signature of officer)					

U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration	and	Naturalization	Service
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Notice to Appear

In removal proceedings under section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act		
	File No: A079 112 055 Case No: CNJ0712000070	
In the Matter of:		
Respondent: Eugene Odiji OKOH AKA: OKOH, EUGENE	currently residing at:	
C/O US BOP - FORT DIX FCI PO BOX 38 FORT DIX NEW JERSEY 08640	(609)723-1100	
(Number, street, city state and	1 ZIP code) (Area code and phone number)	
 ☐ 1. You are an arriving alien. ☐ 2. You are an alien present in the United States who has not been 	n admitted or paroled.	
图 3. You have been admitted to the United States, but are deportab	ofe for the reasons stated below.	
The Service alleges that you:		
See Continuation Page Made a Part Hereof		
On the basis of the foregoing, it is charged that you are subject to reprovision(s) of law:	emoval from the United States pursuant to the following	
See Continuation Page Made a Part Hereof		
☐ This notice is being issued after an asylum officer has found that or torture.	at the respondent has demonstrated a credible fear of persecution	
☐ Section 235(b)(1) order was vacated pursuant to: ☐ 8 CFR 20	8.30(f)(2)	
YOU ARE ORDERED to appear before an immigration judge of the 970 Broad Street Room 1135 Newark NEW JERSEY US 07102	e United States Department of Justice at:	
(Complete Address of Immigration C On a date to be set at a time to be set to show why	Court, Including Room Number, if any) y you should not be removed from the United States based on the	
charge(s) set forth above.	Joseph P. Kenney	
	ACTING SDO (Signature and Title of Issuing Officer)	
Date: 17/ 78/1006	Cherry Hill, New Jersey (City and State)	

Form **B.2/Z**5



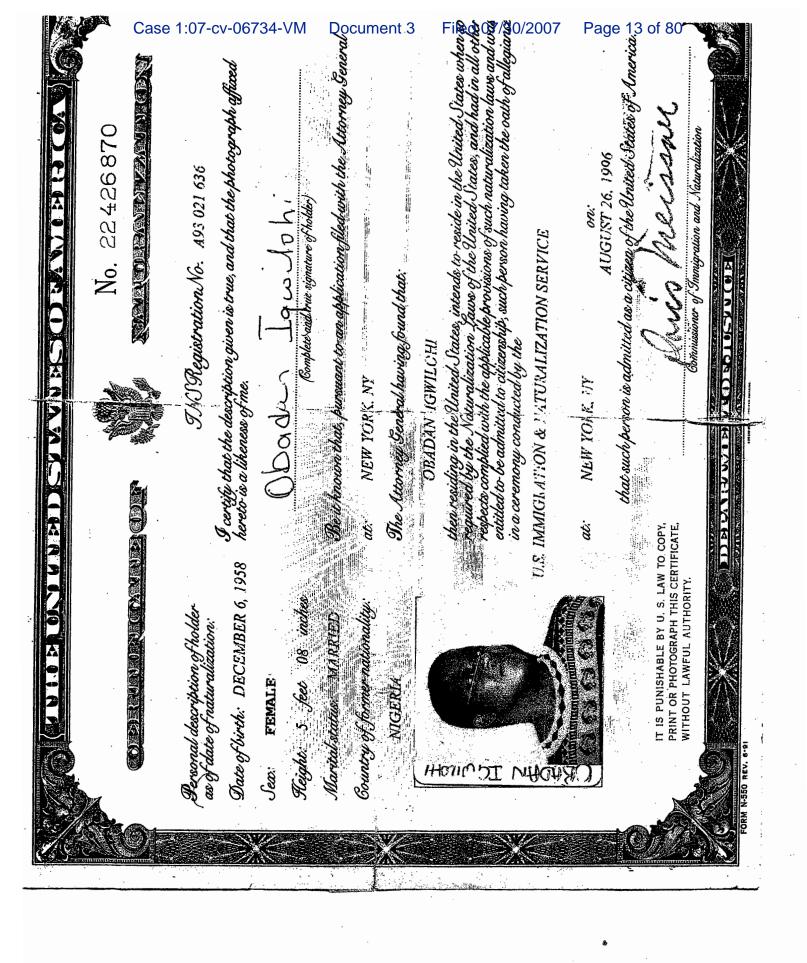
CAUTION: Any person who (1) Falsifies any of the particulars on this certificate or (2) uses a falsified certificate as true, knowing it to be false is liable to prosecution.

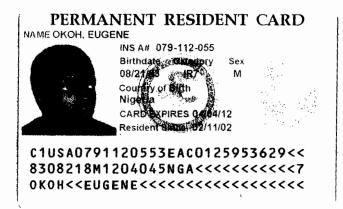
ORIGINAL

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA NATIONAL POPULATION COMMISSION

CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH No B.2/Z.5t 18755649

issued under the Births and deaths, atc. (Compulsory Registration) Decree 69 of 1992 Registration Centre CITT L.G.A. herein has been registered on This is to certify that the birth, distration Centre Month Full Name: (in black letters) (Surname First) MALE 3. Date of Birth: 21 08 Day Month Year Place of Birth: Town/Village 5. Full name of Father: ATIUS (in block letters) (Surname First) Full name of Mother I Gw DOH 6. BADAN (Surname First) (in block letters) Vace of Issue: Name of Registrar 25-10-99 Signature of Regis







DOC #:

USDC SDNY

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

- v -

06 Cr.

ELECTRONICALLY FILED

INDICTMENT

EUGENE OKOH,
a/k/a "Foots,"

Defendant.

06CRIM. 00g

COUNT ONE

(Conspiracy to Commit Bank Fraud)

The Grand Jury charges:

- 1. From in or about April 2005, through on or about July 8, 2005, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, EUGENE OKOH, a/k/a "Foots," the defendant, and others known and unknown, unlawfully, willfully and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each other to commit an offense against the United States, to wit, to violate Section 1344 of Title 18, United States Code.
- 2. It was a part and an object of the conspiracy that EUGENE OKOH, a/k/a "Foots," the defendant, and his coconspirators, unlawfully, willfully and knowingly would and did execute and attempt to execute a scheme and artifice to defraud financial institutions, the deposits of which were insured by the FDIC, and to obtain moneys, funds, credits, assets, securities, and other property owned by, and under the custody and control of, such financial institutions, by means of false and fraudulent

pretenses, representations and promises, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1344.

Overt Acts

- 3. In furtherance of said conspiracy and to effect the illegal object thereof, the following overt acts, among others, were committed in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere:
- a. Sometime prior to on or about April 21, 2005, approximately \$7,000 was transferred from the Royal Credit Union of Eau Claire, Wisconsin, to an account at Bank of America in Brooklyn, New York, which account was in the name of a coconspirator ("CC-1").
- b. Sometime prior to on or about April 29, 2005, EUGENE OKOH, a/k/a "Foots," the defendant, approached a coconspirator ("CC-2") and asked CC-2 to open a bank account at Citibank in Brooklyn, New York, and another bank account at Washington Mutual Bank in Brooklyn, New York.
- c. On or about May 12, 2005, approximately \$14,000 was transferred from an account at Charter Oak Federal Credit Union of Groton, Connecticut, to CC-2's account at Washington Mutual.
- d. On or about May 13, 2005, a check for approximately \$4,300, drawn on CC-2's Washington Mutual account and made out to CC-2, was cashed at a Washington Mutual branch in

the vicinity of 130 Second Avenue, New York, New York.

- e. On or about May 16, 2005, a check for approximately \$4,800, drawn on CC-2's Washington Mutual account and made out to CC-2, was cashed at a Washington Mutual branch in the vicinity of 111 Eighth Avenue, New York, New York.
- f. On or about May 23, 2005, approximately \$5,500 was transferred from Charter Oak Federal Credit Union of Groton, Connecticut, to CC-2's account at Washington Mutual.
- g. On or about May 24, 2005, an individual withdrew approximately \$500 from CC-2's Washington Mutual account at a Washington Mutual Bank branch located in the vicinity of 130 Second Avenue, New York, New York.
- h. On or about July 6, 2005, an individual made two withdrawals of approximately \$1,000 each from CC-2's Citibank account from an automatic teller machine at a Citibank branch located in the vicinity of 160 First Avenue, New York, New York.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.)

Mark Chao

MICHAEL J. GARCIA MAN
United States Attorney

FOIR	NO. USA-338-274 (Ed. 9-23-30)
	NITED STATES DISTRICT COURT OUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
UNITED ST	FATES OF AMERICA
	- v -
EUGENE OF a/k/	KOH, /a "Foots,"
	Defendant.
	INDICTMENT
	06 Cr
(T	itle 18, United States Code, Sections 1349)
	MICHAEL J. GARCIA United States Attorney.
A TRUE BII	LL
	Mak Chao Foreperson.
assyr	in to D. Manero for all pupos
	MJ Generalles

The Secretary of State of the United States of America hereby requests all whom it may concern to permit the citizen inational of the United States named herein to pass without delay or bindrance and in case of need to give all lawful aid and protection.

Le Secrétaire d'Etat des États-Unis d'Amérique prie par les présentes toutes autorités compétentes de laisser passer le citogen ou ressortissant des Etats-Unis titulaire du présent passeport, sans délai nt difficulté et, en cas de besoin, de lui accorder toute aide et protection légitimes.

El Secretario de Estado de los Estados Unidos de América por el presente solicite a las cultoridades competentes permitto el part del ciudadano o nacional de los Estados Unidos. aquí nombrado, sin demora ni dificultades, y en caso de necesidad, prestarle toda la ayuda y protección lícitas.

SIGNATURE OF BEARER/SIGNATURE DU TITULAIRE/FIRMA DEL TITULAR

NOT VALID UNTIL SIGNED

Nationality / Nationality / Nationalidad UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ations / Ehmlendas

Department of State

P<USAOKOH<<EUGENE<<<<<<<<<<<<< 2163114947USA8308218M1602076<<<<<<<<<<< Amendments and Endorsements Modifications et mentions spéciales Enmiendas y Anotaciones





U.S. Department of Justice

United States Attorney Southern District of New York

The Silvio J. Mollo Building One Saint Andrew's Plaza New York New York 10007

RS 4/11/06

April 3, 2006

Frank Handelman, Esq. 3 New York Plaza, 10th Floor New York, NY 10004

> United States v. Eugene Okoh Re: 06 Cr. 009 (VM)

Dear Mr. Handelman:

On the understandings specified below, the Office of the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York ("this Office") will accept a guilty plea from Eugene Okoh ("the defendant") to Count One of the above-referenced Indictment. Count One charges the defendant with conspiracy to commit bank fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1349 and 1344, and carries a maximum sentence of thirty years' imprisonment, a maximum fine of \$1,000,000, a \$100 special assessment, and a maximum term of five years' supervised release. In addition to the foregoing, the Court must order restitution in accordance with Sections 3663, 3663A and 3664 of Title 18, United States Code.

In consideration of the defendant's plea to the above offense, the defendant will not be further prosecuted criminally by this Office (except for criminal tax violations as to which this Office cannot, and does not, make any agreement) for his involvement in a scheme to defraud various banks and credit unions, from in or about April 2005, through on or about July 8, 2005, by accessing the accounts of credit union customers, and causing those credit unions to wire transfer funds in those customer accounts to other accounts controlled by Okoh and his co-conspirators, as charged in Count One of the above-referenced Indictment. In addition, at the time of sentencing, the Government will move to dismiss any open Count(s) against the defendant. The defendant agrees that with respect to any and all dismissed charges he is not a "prevailing party" within the meaning of the "Hyde Amendment," Section 617, P.L. 105-119 (Nov. 26, 1997), and will not file any claim under that law.

rank Handelman, Esq. April 3, 2006

In consideration of the foregoing and pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines Section 6B1.4, the parties hereby stipulate to the following:

A. Offense Level

- 1. The Guideline applicable to the offense charged in Count One is U.S.S.G. § 2B1.1. Pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2B1.1(a), the base offense level is seven. U.S.S.G. § 2B1.1(a)(1).
- 2. The loss due to the offense charged in the Indictment is \$38,500. Because the loss is greater than \$30,000 but less than \$70,000, the offense level is increased by six levels. U.S.S.G. § 2B1.1(b)(1)(D).
- 3. Assuming the defendant clearly demonstrates acceptance of responsibility, to the satisfaction of the Government, through his allocution and subsequent conduct prior to the imposition of sentence, a two-level reduction will be warranted, pursuant to § 3E1.1(a), U.S.S.G.

In accordance with the above, the applicable Guidelines offense level is 11.

B. Criminal History Category

Based upon the information now available to this Office (including representations by the defense), the defendant has zero criminal history points, placing him in Criminal History Category I.

C. Sentencing Range

Based upon the calculations set forth above, the defendant's sentencing Guidelines range is 8 to 14 months' imprisonment (Zone C) (the "Stipulated Guidelines Range"). In addition, after determining the defendant's ability to pay, the Court may impose a fine pursuant to § 5E1.2. At Guidelines level 11, the applicable fine range is \$2,000 to \$20,000. U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(c)(3).

The parties agree that neither a downward nor an upward departure from the Stipulated Guidelines Range set forth above is warranted. Accordingly, neither party will seek such a departure or seek any adjustment not set forth herein. Nor will either party suggest that the Probation Department consider such a departure or adjustment, or suggest that the Court sua sponte consider such a departure or adjustment.

The parties further agree that a sentence within the Stipulated Guidelines Range would constitute a reasonable sentence in light of all of the factors set forth in Title 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a). However, the parties agree that either party may seek a sentence outside of the Stipulated Guidelines Range, suggest that the Probation Department consider a sentence outside of the Stipulated Guidelines Range, and suggest that the Court sua sponte consider a sentence outside

212 637 0084

Frank Handelman, Esq. April 3, 2006

of the Stipulated Guidelines Range, based upon the factors to be considered in imposing a sentence pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a).

Except as provided in any written Proffer Agreement(s) that may have been entered into between this Office and the defendant, nothing in this Agreement limits the right of the parties (i) to present to the Probation Department or the Court any facts relevant to sentencing; (ii) to make any arguments regarding where within the Stipulated Guidelines Range (or such other range as the Court may determine) the defendant should be sentenced and regarding the factors to be considered in imposing a sentence pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a); (iii) to seek an appropriately adjusted Sentencing range if it is determined based upon new information that the defendant's criminal history category is different from that set forth above. Nothing in this Agreement limits the right of the Government to seek denial of the adjustment for acceptance of responsibility, see U.S.S.G. §3E1.1, and/or imposition of an adjustment for obstruction of justice, see U.S.S.G. §3C1.1, regardless of any stipulation set forth above, should the defendant move to withdraw his guilty plea once it is entered, or should it be determined that the defendant has either (i) engaged in conduct, unknown to the Government at the time of the signing of this Agreement, that constitutes obstruction of justice or (ii) committed another crime after signing this Agreement.

It is understood that pursuant to Sentencing Guidelines §6B1.4(d), neither the Probation Department nor the Court is bound by the above Guidelines stipulation, either as to questions of fact or as to the determination of the proper Guidelines to apply to the facts. In the event that the Probation Department or the Court contemplates any Guidelines adjustments, departures, or calculations different from those stipulated to above, or contemplates any sentence outside of the Stipulated Guidelines Range, the parties reserve the right to answer any inquiries and to make all appropriate arguments concerning the same.

It is understood that the sentence to be imposed upon the defendant is determined solely by the Court. It is understood that the Sentencing Guidelines are not binding on the Court. defendant acknowledges that his entry of a guilty plea to the charged offense authorizes the sentencing court to impose any sentence, up to and including the statutory maximum sentence. This Office cannot, and does not, make any promise or representation as to what sentence the defendant will receive. Moreover, it is understood that the defendant will have no right to withdraw his plea of guilty should the sentence imposed by the Court be outside the Guidelines range set forth above.

It is agreed (i) that the defendant will not file a direct appeal, nor litigate under Title 28, United States Code, Section 2255 and/or Section 2241, any sentence within or below the Stipulated Guidelines Range set forth above and (ii) that the Government will not appeal any sentence within or above the Stipulated Guidelines Range, It is further agreed that any sentence within the Stipulated Guidelines range is reasonable. This provision is binding on the parties even if the Court employs a Guidelines analysis different from that stipulated to herein. Furthermore, it is agreed that any appeal as to the defendant's sentence that is not foreclosed by this provision will be limited to that

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Frank Handelman, Esq. April 3, 2006

portion of the sentencing calculation that is inconsistent with (or not addressed by) the above stipulation.

The defendant hereby acknowledges that he has accepted this Agreement and decided to plead guilty because he is in fact guilty. By entering this plea of guilty, the defendant waives any and all right to withdraw his plea or to attack his conviction, either on direct appeal or collaterally, on the ground that the Government has failed to produce any discovery material, Jeneks Act material, exculpatory material pursuant to Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), other than information establishing the factual innocence of the defendant, and impeachment material pursuant to Giglio v. United States, 405 U.S. 150 (1972), that has not already been produced as of the date of the signing of this Agreement.

By entering this plea of guilty, the defendant also waives any and all right the defendant may have, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §3600, to require DNA testing of any physical evidence in the possession of the Government. The defendant fully understands that, as a result of this waiver, any physical evidence in this case will not be preserved by the Government and will therefore not be available for DNA testing in the future.

It is further agreed that should the conviction following the defendant's plea of guilty pursuant to this Agreement be vacated for any reason, then any prosecution that is not time-barred by the applicable statute of limitations on the date of the signing of this Agreement (including any counts that the Government has agreed to dismiss at sentencing pursuant to this Agreement) may be commenced or reinstated against defendant, notwithstanding the expiration of the statute of limitations between the signing of this Agreement and the commencement or reinstatement of such prosecution. It is the intent of this Agreement to waive all defenses based on the statute of limitations with respect to any prosecution that is not time-barred on the date that this Agreement is signed.

It is further understood that this Agreement does not bind any federal, state, or local prosecuting authority other than this Office.

Apart from any written Proffer Agreement(s) that may have been entered into between this Office and the defendant, this Agreement supersedes any prior understandings, promises, or conditions between this Office and the defendant. No additional understandings, promises, or

Frank Handelman, Esq. April 3, 2006

AGREED AND CONSENTED TO:

EUGENE OKOH

FRANK HANDELMAN

Attorney for Eugene Okoh

APPROVED:

conditions have been entered into other than those set forth in this Agreement, and none will be entered into unless in writing and signed by all parties.

Very truly yours. MICHAEL J. GARCIA United States Attorney By: MARCUS A. ASNER Assistant United States Attorney (212) 637-2483 APPROVED: MARC A. WEINSTEIN Chief, Major Crimes Unit DATE DATE

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	64bPokoP
1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, v. 06 Crim. 0097(VM) EUGENE OKOH,
4	v. 06 Crim. 0097(VM)
5	EUGENE OKOH,
6	Defendant.
7	x
8 9	New York, New York April 11, 2006 10:45 a.m.
10	
11	Before:
12	HON. VICTOR MARRERO,
13	District Judge
14	APPEARANCES
15 16	MICHAEL J. GARCIA, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York
17	BY: MARCUS A. ASNER, Assistant United States Attorney
18	FRANK HANDELMAN,
19	Attorney for Defendant
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64b	PokoP		1
SOU'	TED STATES DISTRICT COURT THERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
B UNI	TED STATES OF AMERICA,		
<u> </u>	v.	06 Crim. 009 (VM)	
EUGI	ENE OKOH,		
	Defendant.		
	x		
		New York, New York April 11, 2006 10:45 a.m.	
Befo	ore:		
	HON. VICTOR MARK	RERO,	
		District Judge	
	APPEARANCES		
BY:	MICHAEL J. GARCIA, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York MARCUS A. ASNER, Assistant United States Attorney		
FRAI	NK HANDELMAN,		
	Attorney for Defendant		
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(In open court; case called)

2 THE COURT:: Good morning.

MR. HANDELMAN: Good morning, your Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

This is a proceeding in the matter of United States verse Okoh, Docket No. 06 0009.

Counsel, please enter your appearance for the record.

MR. ASNER: Marcus Asner for the government. Good morning, your Honor.

MR. HANDELMAN: Good morning, your Honor, Frank Handelman for Mr. Okoh.

And as I think you have been told, Mr. Okoh was at the other courthouse for some time, and he apologizes profusely.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Handelman, is there an application on behalf of Mr. Okoh?

MR. HANDELMAN: There is, your Honor. The application is to enter a plea under the one count of this indictment, pursuant to a written plea agreement which is entered into with the government.

THE COURT: Would you specify the particular charge contained in the indictment to which your client's plea relates?

MR. HANDELMAN: I'm sorry, Judge?

THE COURT:: Specify the charge to which your client's plea relates.

MR. HANDELMAN: He is pleading guilty to 18 U.S.C. 1349 and 1344. Essentially involving bank fraud charges.

THE COURT: The clerk will administer the oath to the defendant.

(Defendant sworn)

THE COURT: Mr. Okoh, do you understand that you are now under oath and that if you answer any of my questions falsely, your false answers may later be used against you in another prosecution for perjury or for making a false statement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: The Court intends to question you regarding the facts of the crimes alleged by the governments.

Do you understand that you have a constitutional right to remain silent and not incriminate yourself?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do I understand correctly that you wish to waive that right for the purpose of pleading to the charge set forth in Count One of the indictment?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Mr. Okoh, if you do not understand anything as we proceed here this morning, please advise me immediately and I or your attorney will explain it to you.

Mr. Okoh, please state your full name for the record, and spell it.

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THE COURT: Do either counsel have any doubts to the defendant's competence to plead at this time?

Mr. Handelman?

MR. HANDELMAN: I do not, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Asner?

MR. ASNER: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Your attorney has informed me that you wish to enter a plea of guilty to the crime charged by the government in Count One of the indictment No. 06 Cr. 009. Is that correct?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Count One of the indictment charges you with bank fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1344 and Section 1349.

Mr. Okoh, do you understand this to be the charge in the indictment to which your plea relates?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And how do you wish to plead to this charge?

THE DEFENDANT: Guilty.

THE COURT: Are you entering a plea of guilty to Count

One of the indictment that the government has brought against

you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Have you had a full opportunity to discuss

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your case with your attorney and discuss the consequences of entering a plea of guilty to the charge set forth in the indictment?

THE DEFENDANT: I have, your Honor.

THE COURT: Are you satisfied with your attorney and his representation of you?

THE DEFENDANT: I am.

THE COURT: On the basis of Mr. Okoh's responses to my questions, and my observations of his demeanor, I find that he is fully competent to enter an informed plea at this time.

Before I accept a plea from you, Mr. Okoh, I am going to ask you certain additional questions. My questions will be asked so that I am satisfied that the reason you wish to plead guilty to the charges brought against you by the government in this proceeding is that, in fact, you are guilty and that you fully understand the consequences of your plea.

I understand this plea is being entered pursuant to a plea agreement. And I presume, Mr. Okoh, that you believe there is some benefit to you or to your family in entering a plea of guilty or in entering the plea agreement.

Whatever benefit you believe exists, however, is not a reason to plead guilty. You should plead guilty only if you are guilty. Meaning that you did commit the crime with which the government has charged you, and for no other reason.

Do you understand this?

(212) 805-0300

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Are you guilty of the charge brought against you in Count One of this indictment?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am.

THE COURT: I am now going to describe to you certain rights that you have under the Constitution and laws of the United States, that you will be giving up if you enter a plea of guilty and I accept that plea. Please listen carefully. If you do not understand something I am saying or describing, stop me and I or your attorney will explain it to you more fully.

Under the Constitution and the laws of the United States, you have a right to a speedy and public trial by a jury on the charges against you contained in the indictment.

If there were trial, you would be presumed innocent and the government would be required to prove you guilty by competent evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt.

At a trial, the burden of proving you guilty beyond a reasonable doubt would be on the government. You would not have to prove that you were innocent.

If there were a trial, a jury, that jury composed of 12 people selected from this district would have to agree unanimously that you were guilty.

If there were a trial, you would have the right to be represented by an attorney. And if you could not afford one, an attorney would be provided to you free of cost.

If there were a trial, you would have the right to see and to hear any and all witnesses against you. And your attorney could cross-examine them. You would have a right to have your attorney object to the government's evidence, and offer evidence on your behalf, if you so desired.

And you would have a right to have subpoenas issued or other compulsory process used to compel witnesses to testify in your defense.

If there were a trial, you would have the right to testify in your defense if you wanted. But no one could force you to testify, if you do not want to testify. And, further, no inference or suggestion of guilt could be drawn if you were to choose not to testify in your defense at a trial.

If there were a trial, you would also have the right to present evidence in your own behalf.

Mr. Okoh, do you understand each and every one of these rights?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE COURT: Do you have any questions about any of these rights?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Do you understand that by entering a plea of guilty today, you are giving up each and every one of these rights, that you are waiving these rights and that you will have no trial?

9 64bPokoP 1 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 2 THE COURT: Mr. Okoh, are you a citizen of the United 3 States. THE DEFENDANT: 4 I am. THE COURT: Since you are pleading quilty, I want to 5 make sure that you understand that if I accept your guilty plea 6 7 and I adjudge you guilty, such an adjudication may deprive you of valuable civil rights such as the right to vote, and the 8 9 right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury and 10 the right to possess any kind of firearm. Do you understand this? 11 THE DEFENDANT: I do. 12 THE COURT: Do you understand that you can change your 13 mind and refuse to enter a plea of quilty, that you do not have 14 15 to enter this plea if you do not want to for any reason? THE DEFENDANT: 16 I do. THE COURT: Mr. Okoh, have you received a copy of the 17 indictment? 18 THE DEFENDANT: I have. 19 20 THE COURT: Have you reviewed it? THE DEFENDANT: 21 Yes. THE COURT: Did your attorney discuss the indictment 22 23 with you?

> THE DEFENDANT: He did.

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THE COURT: Do you understand that Count One of the

indictment charges that from in or about April 2005 through in or about July 8, 2005 -- in the Souther District of New York, you and others unlawfully, intentionally, knowingly participated in a conspiracy to defraud various banks and credit unions?

Do you understand this to be the charge contained in the indictment, Count One?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE COURT: By pleading guilty to this charge you are pleading guilty to certain elements or parts of the crime of bank fraud.

The elements of this crime are that there was a scheme to obtain money or funds owned or under the custody or control of the bank by means of materially false or fraudulent representations or promises, and that you executed or attempted to execute the scheme with the attempt to defraud the bank.

And that at the time of the execution of the scheme, the bank had its deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Mr. Okoh, do you understand the elements of the charge contained in the indictment?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE COURT: Do you understand that at trial, the government would have to prove each and every part or element of this charge beyond a reasonable doubt?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand that the statutory maximum possible penalties for Count One of the indictment to which you are entering to plead guilty is as follows: A maximum term of 30 years imprisonment, a maximum fine of \$1 million, a mandatory \$100 special assessment, plus a maximum term of five years supervised release?

Supervised release means that you will be subject to monitoring for a specified period after you are released from prison, under terms and conditions which could lead to reimprisonment without a jury trial if you violate them.

You understand these to be the maximum possible penalties for Count One of the indictment?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE COURT: Do you further understand that regardless of this Court's decision to impose a fine, you will, nevertheless, be required to pay a total special assessment of \$100 for Count One of the indictment, which will be imposed in addition to what other restitution this Court may impose?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Do you further understand that the Court is obligated to impose the special assessment just described as part of your sentence?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: And, finally, do you understand that as

part of your sentence, the Court must order you to pay restitution to the victims? Restitution means that you will be required to pay to the victims of the crimes amounts of which they were deprived by reason of your crimes, as determined by the court's probation office and adopted by this Court?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Now, do you understand, Mr. Okoh, the total maximum possible penalties for the offense charged in Count One to which you are pleading guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Under the current law there are sentencing guidelines that judges must consider in determining your sentence. Have you talked to your attorney about the sentencing guidelines?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.

THE COURT: Do you understand that the Court will not be able to determine the sentence applicable under the guidelines until after a presentence report has been completed by the probation office, and after you and the government have had a chance to challenge any of the facts reported by the probation office?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have.

THE COURT: Do you further understand that even after it is determined what guidelines applies to your case, the Court has the authority to impose a sentence that is higher or

lower than the sentence called for by the guidelines. Although the Court does not have the authority to exceed any applicable statutory maximum?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

anyone else, has attempted to estimate or predict what your sentence will be, it is possible they could be wrong. That no one, not even your attorney or the government, can or should give you any assurance of what your sentence will be, since that sentence will not be determined until after the probation office report has been completed. You understand this?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Do you also fully understand that even if your sentence is different from what your attorney told you it might be, or if it is different from what you expect, you will still be bound to your guilty plea and you will not be allowed to withdraw your guilty plea?

THE DEFENDANT: I do.

THE COURT: Finally, do you understand that parole has been abolished in the federal system, and that you will not be eligible to be released early from any parole?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: I have a copy of the plea agreement which is dated April 3, 2006.

Mr. Okoh, have you signed this agreement?

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THE COURT: Has anyone offered you any inducements or threatened you or forced you to plead guilty or to enter into a plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Do you understand that I am completely free to disregard the government's recommendation or position regarding your sentence? And that I can impose whatever sentence I believe is appropriate under the applicable guidelines and circumstances, and that in such a case you will have no right to withdraw your plea?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: I would like to ask you questions about certain provisions in the agreement.

Do you understand that under the terms of your plea agreement you are agreeing not to appeal or litigate under Title 28, United States Code, Section 2255 and/or Section 2241, any sentence within or below the stipulated sentencing range set forth in the plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Do you further understand that this waiver of your right to appeal is binding even if the Court imposes a sentence of guidelines analysis different from what you and the government have stipulated? And that you are agreeing that any appeal as to your sentence that is not foreclosed by your plea agreement, will be limited to that portion of the sentencing

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calculation that is inconsistent with or not addressed by your agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: You understand that under the terms of your plea agreement, you are waiving your right to withdraw your plea or attack your conviction either on direct appeal or collaterally, on the grounds that the government has failed to produce any discovery material, Jencks Act material, exculpatory material pursuant to Brady v. Maryland, other than information establishing your factual innocence, and impeachment pursuant Giglio versus United States, that has not already been produced as of the date of your signing of the plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT:: Do you also understand that by entering the plea of guilty, this guilty plea, you are waiving any and all rights you may have to require DNA testing of any physical evidence in possession of the government? And that as a result of this waiver, any physical evidence in this case will not be preserved by the government and will not be available for DNA testing in the future?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: Mr. Handelman, are you aware of any defense that would prevail in the event the government's charges involved in this case were to be tried, or do you know

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of any reason why your client should not be permitted to plead quilty?

MR. HANDELMAN: The answer is, unfortunately, no, to both, Judge.

THE COURT: Mr. Okoh, I would like you to tell me, in your words, what you did in connection with the crimes to which you are entering a plea of guilty. Please state when the crime occurred and what happened.

THE DEFENDANT: In or about April I recruited some women to open or use bank accounts for receiving money that was fraudulently and illegally transferred from other people's bank accounts. Some of this money was then withdrawn by banks or ATM withdrawals, and through ATMs in my hand in Manhattan.

THE COURT: Let me ask a couple of questions, Mr. Okoh, for clarification. You indicated that you engaged in these activities with other people?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And was there an agreement between yourself and these other people for you to engage in the activities you described?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Did you know what the purpose of that agreement was?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Was the purpose of that agreement to

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unlawfully obtain money or funds in the custody of the bank by means of materially false or fraudulent representations?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Did you then execute or attempt to execute the scheme with the intent to defraud the bank?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: At the time that you entered into this agreement, did you do so knowingly and willingly?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: And did you carry out the scheme -- did you carry out this activity knowing its unlawful purpose and with the attempt to carry out its unlawful purpose?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: When did these occur, Mr. Okoh?

THE DEFENDANT: About from April to about July 2005.

THE COURT: And to summarize, when you engaged in these activities, did you know what you were doing was wrong and illegal?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Asner, does the government have any questions concerning the sufficiency of the allocution with regard to the elements of the crime?

MR. ASNER: No, your Honor.

The government would represent, for the record, that at trial we would be able to prove that the relevant banks were

FDIC insured. I don't believe the defense is contesting that.

THE COURT: Mr. Asner, would you summarize the evidence that the government would produce at trial if the matter were to be tried, and what you intend to prove beyond a reasonable doubt?

MR. ASNER: Yes, your Honor. Through a number of -through records from a number of banks, the government would be
able to establish that there was a scheme to obtain wire
transfers from various credit unions throughout the United
States. Money was transferred from those credit unions to bank
accounts here in the New York area, primarily in Brooklyn.

Among other things, the bank accounts were in the names of two women. Then subsequently, after the monies were transferred to the bank accounts without authorization, monies were withdrawn from the bank accounts in a number of places, including through ATMs in Manhattan.

We would have, among other things, various witnesses, including victim witnesses. Potentially the women who were recruited. And the defendant gave a postarrest statement inculpating himself.

THE COURT:: Have you heard what the government would hope to prove beyond a reasonable doubt -- you agree with what the government has said concerning the evidence and what it would tend to establish beyond a reasonable doubt?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Now, Mr. Okoh, having heard me inform you of your rights to trial and the consequences of pleading guilty, and of the maximum sentence you may face, how do you now plead to Count One of the indictment, No. 06 Cr. 009, guilty or not guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Guilty.

THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty because you are quilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty voluntarily and of your own free will?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Because you acknowledge that you are guilty as charged in the indictment, because you know your rights and are waiving them, and your plea is entered knowingly and voluntarily, and is supported by an independent basis in fact containing each of the essential elements of the offense, I accept your guilty plea and adjudge you guilty to the offense to which you have pleaded.

The probation officer will next prepare a presentence report to assist the Court in sentencing you.

You will be interviewed by the probation officer. It is important that the information you provide to the probation officer be truthful and accurate. The report is important in my decision.

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You and your attorney have a right and will have an opportunity to examine the report, to challenge or comment upon it, and to speak in your behalf before sentencing.

The government propose a sentencing date?

MR. ASNER: Your Honor, after conferring with both the defense and your Honor's deputy, we propose July 14, 2006 at 2 p.m.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Can we try for July 7?

MR. HANDELMAN: Your Honor, on July 7 I will be out of town, I have a family wedding.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: July 6?

MR. HANDELMAN: The 6th is okay. I have a 4:30 in the courthouse across the street, so I can appear earlier in the day.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: How about 3:30?

MR. ASNER: That's fine with the government.

MR. HANDELMAN: 3:30 is fine as long as I can leave by -- I am in front of Judge Koeltl that day at 4:30.

THE COURT: 3:30 should be sufficient time to get you to Judge Koeltl.

MR. HANDELMAN: Fine.

THE COURT: Mr. Okoh, do you understand that if you fail to appear on the date and time that has just been determined, will be guilty of a criminal act of which you can be sentenced to imprisonment separate, apart from, and in

addition to any of the sentences that you would receive for the crimes to which you just entered a plea of guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: What is the defendant's bail status?

MR. ASNER: 200,000 personal recognizance bond, co-signed by three financially responsible parties. Also subject to strict pretrial supervision with drug treatment. And his travels are restricted.

Your Honor, we would ask that the conditions remain as set.

THE COURT: Mr. Okoh, do you understand that all of the conditions on which you have been released on bail to date apply, and that the violation of any of those conditions can be severe?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Is there anything else from the government?

MR. ASNER: No, your Honor, thank you.

THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Handelman?

MR. HANDELMAN: Just to note that my client's mother and sister are in court, your Honor.

And also if we could have it indicated that I would like to be present at any pretrial interview.

THE COURT: Yes.

(Case called)

THE COURT: This is a proceeding in the matter of the United States v. Okoh, docket number 06 Cr. 0009. Counsel, please enter your appearances for the record.

MR. ASNER: Marcus Asner for the government. Good afternoon, your Honor.

MR. HANDELMAN: Good afternoon, your Honor. Frank
Handelman for Mr. Okoh. With me is my law clerk Carlene Meyer,
M-E-Y-E-R.

THE COURT: This is a sentencing in this pending matter. I note that Mr. Okoh is present in the courtroom seated next to his attorney.

I have read and reviewed the pre-sentence investigation report dated June 28, 2006, which was prepared in connection with the sentence of Mr. Okoh. I have also read the letter from defense counsel dated July 17, 2006, as well as the letters written on Mr. Okoh's behalf by friends and family which were submitted by counsel on July 25, 2006.

Mr. Handelman, have you reviewed the pre-sentence report?

MR. HANDELMAN: I have, your Honor, with Mr. Okoh, several times in my office. By my letter of July 17th, I point out the corrections that we would propose to the report.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Okoh, please rise. Mr. Okoh, have you read and

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reviewed the pre-sentence report? 1 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, sir. THE COURT: Have you discussed that with your 3 4 attorney? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have. 6 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Asner, has the government read and reviewed the 7 8 report? 9 Yes, your Honor. MR. ASNER: Does the government have any objections to 10 THE COURT: 11 the report to record at this point? 12 MR. ASNER: No, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Thank you. 14 Mr. Okoh, you may be seated. On April 11, 2006, Mr. Okoh plead quilty to Count One 15 of indictment 06 Cr. 0009 pursuant to plea agreement and 16 knowingly and voluntarily allocuted that there was a factual 17 basis for the plea. The court reiterates its acceptance of Mr. 18 19 Okoh's quilty plea. Mr. Asner, does the government have any comments for 20 the Court's consideration with regard to sentencing? 21 22 MR. ASNER: No, your Honor. We would ask that the Court follow the quidelines recommendation set out in the 23 pre-sentence investigation report. We think it is appropriate 24

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Both as a matter of punishment but also as a matter of

an important role in a larger conspiracy.

Identity theft is a big problem, and these schemes don't work without people like Mr. Okoh, although being a lesser player than some of the larger players, serving the role that he did serve. I think his lower role is reflected in the guideline sentence, so I would ask your Honor to sentence him within the guideline range.

THE COURT: Mr. Handelman, do you have any additional comments for the Court to consider with regard to sentencing.

MR. HANDELMAN: First, I do want to note that my client's mother and sister, who wrote to the Court, as well as my client's friends are here today. You have already referred to the fact that you have seen my two submissions this week and last week, so I won't detail them again.

I want to address two particular things. One is the restitution amount and the other is the sentence to be given.

We do concur that the 8 to 14 months is the appropriate legal guideline range. There is no dispute about that on a level 11 offense, with my client having no criminal record.

Should I address restitution first, your Honor?
THE COURT: Yes.

MR. HANDELMAN: In the indictment and complaint and also contained in the plea agreement, it was agreed that the amount of money that was improperly transferred with the

participation of Mr. Okoh was \$38,700 from several banks into other accounts that withdrawals were made from. It is fairly clear to us -- and we prepared a chart we have shared with the government, and we have run the numbers a lot of times -- the actual amount of money Mr. Okoh withdrew by ATM withdrawals and check cashings comes to \$27,980. The rest was money that was improperly transferred but never taken out.

We understand that 38,500 is the amount of money to be considered in setting the guidelines, but the Court could make a differently finding as to restitution, and should, on whatever you find that number to be. We think 27,980 is the appropriate number. So on that issue we are asking the Court as part of the sentence and judgment to direct 27,980 as restitution.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Asner, does the government have any observations or comments with regard to the amount of the restitution?

MR. ASNER: Your Honor, Mr. Handelman is correct that the 38.5 is the loss amount, because those were the amounts that were transferred from various stolen or infiltrated bank accounts to bank accounts controlled by the conspiracy. A lesser amount was withdrawn, and a reason for that is one of the banks, I think it was Chase, it may have been Citibank, caught on to the scheme and froze one of the accounts.

Unfortunately, I don't have the actual number, so I

can't verify for the Court whether Mr. Handelman's number is correct. What I could do, we have the authority to do this within 60 days, I could within a few days write a letter to the Court laying out what the actual numbers were.

Mr. Handelman got on the line I think with the FBI agent, or I had talked to the FBI agent. He is right that another examination was done. I don't know off the top of my head what the actual number is. I thought it was \$6,000 less. But I can come back to the Court with that number within a day or two.

THE COURT: Why don't we postpone the determination of the loss amount until a subsequent conference.

MR. ASNER: Restitution amount.

THE COURT: Yes, restitution amount, until a subsequent conference, which could be held by telephonic means, assuming that the defendant is prepared to waive an appearance for that purpose. At that point the parties, if they are in agreement, can so indicate, and upon stipulation to that amount the Court will adopt the amount.

MR. HANDELMAN: That sounds excellent, Judge. May I talk to my client for one second and have him tell me that he makes that waiver?

THE COURT: Yes.

(Pause)

MR. HANDELMAN: Your Honor, my client agrees with

that. That's fine.

THE COURT: Mr. Asner, when you have the appropriate amount to indicate to the Court what the appropriate amount that is agreed upon at that point, the Court will initiate a telephone conference on the record with a reporter at which we will memorialize the understanding and formally determine the amount of the restitution.

MR. ASNER: Right. We will also do the breakout, because different banks are due different amounts. We will give you that breakout.

THE COURT: Yes.

Mr. Handelman, do you want to continue?

MR. HANDELMAN: Yes. Your Honor, as I stated in my letter, I am asking your Honor under 18 U.S.C. 3553(a) to consider other factors in fashioning the appropriate sentence for Eugene Okoh. At 22 years of age, this is his only arrest. That is to say, there have been no subsequent illegal acts since his arrest in this case. There have been no priors.

He is a young man who overcame sort of a tough and difficult transitional life from childhood to adolescence and early adulthood. As I stated in my letter, he was transferred from one family to another, often under very difficult circumstances. He grew up without his father at an early age. His mother ended up in New York and became a citizen. Finally, she was able to get Mr. Okoh to come live with her after he

spent his early teenage years in London with family members who had I can only say abused him and didn't treat him well.

He has managed to get himself through school. He has his Associate's degree from Manhattan Community College and would be going to school now if this case hadn't occurred. Of course it occurred because of what he did, as he is the first to tell you, but it interrupted that process.

He has worked consistently and continues to work now.

I can tell you that the entire time I have been his attorney he has been both cooperative and fully acknowledging of what he did in this case. He has wanted to work out basically a plea resolution to this case from the beginning, which shows full acceptance of responsibility.

I have also seen a lot maturity and growth in Mr. Okoh over the last period of many months in terms of his appearance in my office, his demeanor, basically the way he handles himself. He seems to have changed substantially, much to my pleasure, although of course for tough reasons on his side.

We are asking essentially that you drop the sentencing level one notch. At a guidelines level of 11, he is in Zone C. I am not presuming what your Honor would give him. If you gave him an 8-month sentence, he would have to do 4 months in custody and 4 months home detention or something like that. I am not saying that is an unfair sentence.

But if you dropped him one notch, to a level where he

could have terms of probation with conditions of community confinement, and home detention if you want, I think he is the kind of young man who can take full advantage of that opportunity and you won't be sorry. He will continue to work, and he will be able to regularly enroll in school, again going for his bachelor's degree.

I have had a tremendous amount of contact with his family. His sister, as you know, is a young attorney. She graduated Seton Hall Law School, was admitted to the bar in the last year, and has been very helpful in working on his case. Had he a big support family, and he also place a big role in other people's lives, as you can see from the letters I have submitted.

That is our request. The plea agreement allows to us make this request. We are hoping you will do it. It would allow you to bring my client's offense level down from a finding of 11 to a finding of 10, I believe, given that he has no criminal record.

That is all I have. I am happy to answer any questions. We do make that request. I know Mr. Okoh wants to speak to the Court as well.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Okoh, is there anything you would like to say on your own behalf?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes. I would like to apologize to

anybody that got hurt through my actions directly or indirectly. My mother raised me with values and instilled education from a young child till now. I strayed because of the fast life. I just want to say that seeing my sister graduate and getting admitted to the bar in New York and this case right now has instilled the virtues of hard work and dedication back into me.

I want to apologize to my family for putting them to shame and to the Court. I also want to let them know that I promise to be a productive member of society and try to make them proud of me. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

The decision by the United States Supreme Court in the United States v. Booker changed the legal landscape in which federal defendants are sentenced. Although no longer bound by the mandatory constraints of the guidelines, the Court must consult those guidelines and take them into account when sentencing.

Therefore, the Court has considered the finding of fact stated in the pre-sentence report, as well as the guidelines analysis and recommendations contained therein. The Court has weighed this information, along with the factors listed in 18 U.S.C. Section 3553(a), in coming to its final sentencing decision in this case.

The Court adopts the factual recitation in the

pre-sentence report and the guidelines offense level of 11.

The Court also adopts the criminal history category of I.

Under the sentencing guidelines, the applicable range of imprisonment for this offense level and criminal history category is 8 to 14 months.

Mr. Okoh, please rise. I will now state sentence.

Considering the recommended guideline range along with the other factors stated in 18 U.S.C. Section 3553(a), the Court finds that a 4-month sentence of imprisonment followed by 3 years of supervised release with a special condition of 4 months of home detention is reasonable and appropriate and that such a term is sufficient but not greater than necessary to promote the proper objectives of sentencing. The sentence is authorized by sections 5C1.1(d) of the guidelines.

In the sentencing memorandum Mr. Handelman, on behalf of Mr. Okoh, requested a noncustodial sentence outside the applicable guidelines range. The Court notes because Mr. Okoh pled guilty to a Class B felony, he would not be eligible for probation under 18 U.S.C. Section 3561.

Mr. Okoh points to his difficult childhood, including mental abuse in the hands of relatives, stable work history, educational pursuits, and strong family support as a basis for a nonguidelines sentence. As noted, the Court must evaluate as a request for nonguidelines sentence by considering the guidelines together with other factors outlined in 18 U.S.C.

Section 3553(a).

The Second Circuit has recently reiterated that the sentencing court's post-Booker discretion is limited and must be informed by the Section 3553(a) factors. Specifically, in United States v. Rattoballi, 453 F.3d 127, the court indicated that the nonguidelines sentence that rests primarily in factors that are not unique and personal to a particular defendant but instead reflect considerations common to many, if not most, defendants will be reviewed as inherently suspect. The court also indicated in that case that the guidelines are not just another factor to be considered as a Section 3553(a) factor.

In this case the Court does not find circumstances sufficiently unique or compelling to impose a nonguideline sentence. While Mr. Okoh's strong employment history and educational goals as well as strong family support decrease his chances of recidivism, these factors are not so uncommon as to warrant imposition of a nonguidelines sentence in this case.

Mr. Okoh, you will also be ordered to pay restitution to the clerk of court in this district in an amount to be determined in accordance with the procedure the Court outlined earlier. The restitution shall be paid in monthly installments of 10 percent of your gross monthly income over a period of supervision to commence 30 days after release from incarceration.

If you are engaged in a UNICOR program while in

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The factors listed in 18 U.S.C. 3664(f)(2) were considered in determining the payment schedule. You shall notify the United States Attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of mailing or residence address that occurs while any portion of the restitution remains unpaid.

The Court will not impose a fine because the Court has determined that you do not have the ability to pay such a fine, especially in light of the restitution order. However, you are ordered to pay to the United States a special assessment of \$100, which shall be due immediately.

You must comply with standard conditions 1 through 13 of probation and the following mandatory conditions:

You shall not commit another federal, state, or local crime:

You shall not illegally possess a controlled substance;

You shall not possess a firearm or destructive device; You shall cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer.

The mandatory drug testing condition is suspended due to the imposition of a special condition requiring drug treatment and testing.

Your supervised release will also be subject to standard conditions of supervision 1 through 13 and the following three special conditions:

You shall comply with the conditions of home confinement for a period of 4 months. During such period of home confinement you will remain at your place of residence except for the purpose of employment, attending school or other educational purposes, and such other activities as may be approved by the probation officer.

At the direction of the probation officer, you shall be required to wear an electronic monitoring device and follow electronic monitoring procedures specified by the probation officer. You will maintain a telephone at your residence without call forwarding, a modem, caller ID, call waiting, or portable cordless capability for the period indicated.

Home confinement shall commence on a date to be determined by the probation officer, and if so directed by the probation officer, you will pay the cost of home confinement on a sole payment or co-payment basis.

You shall provide the probation officer with access to any requested financial information. You shall not incur new credit card charges or open additional lines of credit without

the approval of the probation officer unless you are in compliance with the installment payment schedule for your restitution obligations.

United States Probation Office, which program may include testing to determine whether you may have reverted to using drugs or alcohol. The Court authorizes the release of available drug treatment evaluations and reports to the substance abuse treatment provider as directed by the probation officer. You shall be required to contribute to the cost of services rendered, that is, co-payment, in an amount determined by the probation officer based on availability to pay or availability of third-party payment.

Mr. Okoh, do you understand each of these conditions?
THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: The sentence as stated is imposed. You are directed to report to the nearest probation office within 72 hours of release from custody. Further, the Court recommends that you be supervised by the district of your residence.

Mr. Okoh, to the extent that you may have retained any right to appeal your sentence and you are unable to pay the cost of an appeal, you have the right to apply for leave to appeal in forma pauperis, meaning as a poor person. If you make such a request, the clerk of court must immediately

1 prepare and file a notice of appeal on your behalf. 2 Do you understand your right to appeal to the extent 3 that it may exist? THE DEFENDANT: 4 5 Mr. Asner, are there any remaining counts THE COURT: 6 or underlying indictments that need to be dismissed at this 7 time? 8 MR. ASNER: No, your Honor. 9 Is there anything else from the THE COURT: 10 government? 11 No, your Honor. Thank you. MR. ASNER: Mr. Handelman, is there anything else from 12 THE COURT: defendant? 13 Primarily, Judge, I would ask if you 14 MR. HANDELMAN: would set a voluntary reporting date for Mr. Okoh. 15 I notice 16 that the probation department in its report says he is a good 17 candidate for voluntary surrender. I think the government 18 would not object. 19 No objection to that, your Honor. MR. ASNER: We would ask for a date in mid 20 MR. HANDELMAN: 21 September perhaps. 22 And there is one more to that, Judge. I would ask if 23 you could recommend to the Bureau of Prisons, this is a short sentence, that he be allowed to be held in one of the 24

institutions in the metropolitan New York area -- we know you

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can't control that, but you can recommend it -- so his family can visit him.

THE COURT: The Court will so recommend. The Court will approve self-surrender on the last Friday in September -MR. HANDELMAN: The 29th, Judge.

THE COURT: -- September 29th, by noon, to the United States Marshal for this district or to the Bureau of Prisons facility designated by the Bureau of Prisons if one has been designated by then.

Mr. Okoh, do you understand that if you fail to report or to surrender on the date indicated, you will be subject to prosecution for an offense different from and punishment in addition to that which the Court has imposed on you today?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Asner, what is the bail status of the defendant?

MR. ASNER: Your Honor, I believe he has a \$200,000 personal recognizance bond. I think it is two cosigners, but it may be three. Your Honor, we would ask that bond be continued as set.

THE COURT: All right. The bail conditions will be maintained as current.

Mr. Okoh, do you also understand that you will remain out on bail until your surrender date on the same terms and conditions and that any violation of those terms can be severe?

AO 245B

(Rev. 06/05) Judgment in a Criminal Case Sheet I

47939 S. Campbell.

FILE COPY

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

	Southern	District of	New York	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA V.		JUDGMENT I	N A CRIMINAL CASE	
EU	JGENE OKOH	Case Number:	06 CR 0009	
		USM Number:	58405-054	
		Frank Handelman, Defendant's Attorney	Esg.	
THE DEFENDA	NT:	. Dividual Privating		
C pleaded guilty to co	ount(s) 1			
pleaded noto conte which was accepte	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
was found guilty or after a plea of not g	•			
The defendant is adjud	licated guilty of these offenses:			
Fitle & Section 18 U.S.C. § 1349	Nature of Offense Conspiracy to commit ban	k fraud	Offense Ended 2005	<u>Count</u> 1
	erlying counts in its in the defendant must notify the Ur			of name, residence
he defendant must not	nat the defendant must notify the Un all fines, restitution, costs, and spe- ify the court and United States alto	mey of material changes in econo	ingment are tuny paid. It ordere mic circumstances.	a to pay resutution
		7/27/06	ment —	
A TRUE				
J. WICL	IAEL McMAHON, CLERK			
BY (M)	achianas	Signature of Judge		
	JEDI ITY CLERK	•		
			זו	
		Victor Marrero, U.S.I Name and Title of Judge	7.4,	
		Name and Title of Judge	7.0.	
	·	Name and Title of Judge 8/10/06 Date USI	DC SDNY	
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		Name and Title of Judge 8/10/06 Date USI DOCE ELE	OC SDNY CUMENT ECTRONICALLY FIL	FD
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Case	1:07-cv- <u>0673</u> 4 V N	1_ Document 3_ Filed 07/30/2007	Page 67 of 80
`AO-245B; [Rev. 06/05) Jud Sheet 2 — Impr			
DEFENDANT: CASE NUMBER:	Eugene Okoh 06 CR 009	Judgn	nent — Page 2 of

IMPRISONMENT
The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of:
4 months.
\cdot
The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons:
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.
X The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:
X at 12:00
as notified by the United States Marshal.
☐ The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:
before 2 p.m. on
as notified by the United States Marshal.
as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.
RETURN
I have executed this judgment as follows:
Defendant delivered on
a, with a certified copy of this judgment.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL
Bv
DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL



Case 1:07-cv-06734-VM ___Document 3

Filed 07/30/20Q7

Page 68 of 80

AO 245B

(Rev. 06/05) Judgment in a Criminal Case Sheet 3 — Supervised Release

Judgment—Page 3 of 6

DEFENDANT: CASE NUMBER: Eugene Okoh

06 CR 009

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be on supervised release for a term of:

3 years., with a four month term of home confinement

The defendant must report to the probation office in the district to which the defendant is released within 72 hours of release from the custody of the Bureau of Prisons.

The defendant shall not commit another federal, state or local crime.

The defendant shall not unlawfully possess a controlled substance. The defendant shall refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. The defendant shall submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.

- The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that the defendant poses a low risk of future substance abuse. (Check, if applicable.)
- X The defendant shall not possess a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or any other dangerous weapon. (Check, if applicable.)
- X The defendant shall cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall register with the state sex offender registration agency in the state where the defendant resides, works, or is a student, as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall participate in an approved program for domestic violence. (Check, if applicable.)

If this judgment imposes a fine or restitution, it is a condition of supervised release that the defendant pay in accordance with the Schedule of Payments sheet of this judgment.

The defendant must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any additional conditions on the attached page.

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- 1) the defendant shall not leave the judicial district without the permission of the court or probation officer;
- the defendant shall report to the probation officer and shall submit a truthful and complete written report within the first five days of each month;
- the defendant shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer:
- 4) the defendant shall support his or her dependents and meet other family responsibilities;
- the defendant shall work regularly at a lawful occupation, unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training, or other acceptable reasons;
- the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least ten days prior to any change in residence or employment;
- 7) the defendant shall refrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute, or administer any controlled substance or any paraphernalia related to any controlled substances, except as prescribed by a physician;
- 8) the defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- 9) the defendant shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony, unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer;
- the defendant shall permit a probation officer to visit him or her at any time at home or elsewhere and shall permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view of the probation officer;
- 11) the defendant shall notify the probation officer within seventy-two hours of being arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer:
- 12) the defendant shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or a special agent of a law enforcement agency without the permission of the court; and
- 13) as directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record or personal history or characteristics and shall permit the probation officer to make such notifications and to confirm the defendant's compliance with such notification requirement.

Case 1:07-cy-06734-∀M

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, AO,245B

(Rev. 06/05) Judgment in a Criminal Case Sheet 3C - Supervised Release

DEFENDANT: **CASE NUMBER:**

Eugene Okoh 06 Cr 009

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- (1) The Defendant shall comply with the conditions of home confinement for a period of four months. During such period of home confinement, the Defendant shall remain at his place of residence except for the purpose of employment, educational pursuits and other activities approved by his probation officer. The Defendant shall maintain a telephone at your residence without call forwarding, a modem, caller id, call waiting, or portable cordless capability for the above period. Home confinement shall commence on a date to be determined by the Defendant's probation officer, and if so directed by the probation officer, Defendant shall pay the costs of home confinement on a self-payment or co-payment basis. In addition, if so directed by the probation officer, the Defendant shall be required to wear an electronic monitoring device and follow electric monitoring procedures specified by his probation officer.
- (2) Defendant shall provide the probation officer with access to any requested financial information.
- (3) Defendant shall not incur new credit charges or open additional lines of credit without the approval of the probation officer unless he is in compliance with the installment payment schedule for restitution obligations; and
- (4) Defendant shall participate in a drug and alcohol treatment program approved by the probation office which may include random testing to determine whether or not defendant has reverted to using drugs or alcohol. The Court authorizes the release of available drug treatment evaluations and reports to the substance abuse provider, as approved by the probation officer. Defendant shall be required to contribute to the costs of services rendered in an amount to be determined by the probation officer, based on the defendant's ability to pay.

Upon finding a violation of probation or supervised release, I understand that the Court may (1) revoke supervision, (2) extend the term of supervision, and/or

(3) modify the conditions of supervision.

These conditions have been read to me. I fully understand the conditions and have been provided a copy of them.

(Signed)

Defendant A

U.S. Probation Officer / Date

	BFENDAN ASE NUM		Bugene Okoh 06 CR 009 CRI	IMINAL MO	ONETARY P	Judgment	— Page <u>S</u> of	6
	The defer	idant must j	pay the total criminal	monetary penalt	ies under the sched	lule of payments on Sh	eet 6.	
TO	TALS	\$ 100	55 ment	;	<u>Fine</u> \$	\$ T	estitution BD	
X		nination of determinat		until <u>Oct.</u> .	An Amended Jud	lgment in a Criminal	Case (AO 245C) will	be entered
	The defen	dant must r	nake restitution (inch	iding community	restitution) to the	following payees in th	e amount listed below.	
	If the defe the priorit before the	ndant make y order or p United Sta	es a partial payment, e percentage payment c tes is paid.	each payce shall i olumn below. H	receive an approxir lowever, pursuant t	nately proportioned pa to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i)	yment, unless specified, all nonfederal victims	otherwise must be pa
Nai	me of Paye	2	Total	Loss*	Restitut	ion Ordered	Priority or Pere	entage
			4					
				•				
							•	
			•			•		
'O'I	FALS		\$	0		0_		
3	Restitution	amount or	dered pursuant to ple	a agreement \$				
3	fifteenth d	ay after the		, pursuant to 18 l	U.S.C. § 3612(f).		or fine is paid in full bef ions on Sheet 6 may be	
3	The court	letermined	that the defendant do	es not have the a	bility to pay intere	st and it is ordered tha	t:	
	the int	erest requir	ement is waived for t	he 🔲 fine	restitution.			
	the int	erest reauir	ement for the	fine rest	itution is modified	as follows:		

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(Rev. 06/05) Judgment in a Criminal wase Sheet 6 — Schedule of Payments

DEFENDANT: CASE NUMBER: Eugene Okoh 06 Cr 009

Judgment — Page	6	of	6

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

Ha	ving a	ssessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties are due as follows:				
A	X	Lump sum payment of \$ 1 due immediately, balance due				
		not later than , or X in accordance with C, D, E, or X F below; or				
В		Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with C, D, or F below); or				
C	Π.	Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or				
Đ		Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or				
E		Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or				
F	_	Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:				
		Restitution amount to be determined, Court will file amended judgement. If the defendant is engaged in a BOP non-Unicor work program, he shall pay \$25 per quarter toward the criminal financial penalties. However, if he participates in the BOP's Unicor program as a Grade 1 through 4, he shall pay 50% of his monthly Unicor earnings toward the criminal financial penalties, consistent with BOP regulations. The balance of the restitution shall be paid in monthly installments of 10% of gross monthly income over a period of supervision to commence 30 days after release from custody.				
Unlimp Res	ess the risonn ponsib	e court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during ment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial sility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.				
The	defen	dant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.				
	Joint	and Several				
		ndant and Co-Defendant Names and Case Numbers (including defendant number), Total Amount, Joint and Several Amount, corresponding payee, if appropriate.				
	Defe	ndant shall pay restitution joint and severally with any defendants assigned restitution.				
_	The (defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.				
_		defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):				
	The d	lefendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:				
Payn (5) fi	ients s ne inte	shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) fine principal, erest, (6) community restitution, (7) penalties, and (8) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.				

IMITED	STATES	DISTRICT	COURT
UNITED	DIAIES	DISTRICT	COURT

•	District of
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA V.	AMENDED JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE
Eugene Okoh Date of Original Judgment: 8/10/06 (Or Date of Last Amended Judgment) Reason for Amendment: Correction of Sentence on Remand (18 U.S.C. 3742(f)(1) and (2)) Reduction of Sentence for Changed Circumstances (Fed. R. Crim. P. 35(b)) Correction of Sentence by Sentencing Court (Fed. R. Crim. P. 35(a)) Correction of Sentence for Clerical Mistake (Fed. R. Crim. P. 36)	Case Number: 06 CR 0009 USM Number: 58405-054 Frank Handelman, Esq. Defendant's Attorney Modification of Supervision Conditions (18 U.S.C. §§ 3563(c) or 3583(e)) Modification of Imposed Term of Imprisonment for Extraordinary and Compelling Reasons (18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(1)) Modification of Imposed Term of Imprisonment for Retroactive Amendment(s) to the Sentencing Guidelines (18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2)) Direct Motion to District Court Pursuant 28 U.S.C. § 2255 or 18 U.S.C. § 3559(c)(7) Modification of Restitution Order (18 U.S.C. § 3664)
THE DEFENDANT: x pleaded guilty to count(s) 1	
pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) which was accepted by the court.	
was found guilty on count(s) after a plea of not guilty.	
The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses:	•
Title & Section Nature of Offense 18 USC § 1349 Conspiracy to commit bank fraud	Offense Ended Count 2005 1
	of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to re dismissed on the motion of the United States. Atterney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, essments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, material changes in economic circumstances.
the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of	9/11/06
USDS SDNY DOCUMENT EL ECTRONICALLY FILED DOC #- DATE FILED: 9-1-06 A TRUE COPY	Signature of Judge Victor Marrero, U.S.D.J. Name and Title of Judge 9/11/06 Date
J. MICHAEL MCMAH BY (MANUA)	WWW.
DEPUTY CLE	ΞHΛ .

Filed 07/30/2007

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Judgment — Page

Sheet 2 — Imprisonment

(NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (*

DEFENDANT: CASE NUMBER: Eugene Okoh 06 CR 0009

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term

4 months. Change in surrender date: As directed in the Court's August 29, 2006 order, defendant was ordered, upon his request, to surrender to the marshals for this district on August 31, 2006 rather than the September 29, 2006 surrender date that was indicated in the original judgement. The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons: The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal. The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district: X 12:00 □ a.m. X p.m. as notified by the United States Marshal. The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons; before 2 p.m. on as notified by the United States Marshal. as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office. RETURN I have executed this judgment as follows: Defendant delivered on with a certified copy of this judgment, UNITED STATES MARSHAL DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

Case 1:07-cv-06734-VM Document 3 Filed 07/30/2007 Page 74 of 80

AQ 245C (Rev. 06/05) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case

Sheet 3 — Supervised Release

(NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (*))

DEFENDANT: CASE NUMBER: Eugene Okoh 06 CR 009 Judgment-Page _

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be on supervised release for a term of 3 years, with a special condition of four months home confinement.

The defendant must report to the probation office in the district to which the defendant is released within 72 hours of release from the custody of the Bureau of Prisons.

SUPERVISED RELEASE

The defendant shall not commit another federal, state, or local crime.

The defendant shall not unlawfully possess a controlled substance. The defendant shall refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. The defendant shall submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.

The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that the defendant poses a low risk of future substance abuse. (Check, if applicable.)
 The defendant shall not possess a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or any other dangerous weapon. (Check, if applicable.)
 The defendant shall cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
 The defendant shall register with the state sex offender registration agency in the state where the defendant resides, works, or is a student, as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
 The defendant shall participate in an approved program for domestic violence. (Check, if applicable.)

If this judgment imposes a fine or restitution, it is a condition of supervised release that the defendant pay in accordance with the Schedule of Payments sheet of this judgment.

The defendant must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any additional conditions on the attached page.

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- 1) the defendant shall not leave the judicial district without the permission of the court or probation officer;
- 2) the defendant shall report to the probation officer and shall submit a truthful and complete written report within the first five days of each month;
- 3) the defendant shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer;
- the defendant shall support his or her dependents and meet other family responsibilities;
- the defendant shall work regularly at a lawful occupation, unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training, or other acceptable reasons;
- the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least ten days prior to any change in residence or employment;
- 7) the defendant shall refrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute, or administer any controlled substance or any paraphernalia related to any controlled substances, except as prescribed by a physician;
- 8) the defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- 9) the defendant shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony, unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer;
- * 10) the defendant shall permit a probation officer to visit him or her at any time at home or elsewhere and shall permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view of the probation officer;
 - 11) the defendant shall notify the probation officer within seventy-two hours of being arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer;
 - 12) the defendant shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or a special agent of a law enforcement agency without the permission of the court; and
- as directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record, personal history, or characteristics and shall permit the probation officer to make such notifications and confirm the

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AO 245C (Rev. 06/05) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case

Sheet 3C — Supervised Release (NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (*))

Judgment—Page 4 of 6

DEFENDANT: Eugene Okoh
CASE NUMBER: 06 CR 0009

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- (1) The defendant shall comply with the conditions of home confinement for a period of four months. During such period of home confinement the Defendant shall remain at his place of residence except for the purpose of employment, educational pursuits and other activities approved by his probation officer. The Defendant shall maintain a telephone at his residence without call forwarding, a modem, caller ID, call waiting, or portable cordless capacity for the above period. Home confinement shall commence on a date to be determined by the Defendant's probation officer, and if so directed by the probation officer, Defendant shall pay the costs of home confinement on a self payment or co-payment basis. In addition, if so directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall be required to wear an electronic monitoring device and follow electronic monitoring procedures specified by his probation officer.
- (2) Defendant shall provide the probation officer with access to any requested financial information.
- (3) Defendant shall not incur new credit charges or open additional lines of credit without the approval of the probation officer unless he is in compliance with the installment payment schedule for restitution obligations; and
- (4) Defendant shall participate in a drug and alcohol treatment program approved by the probation office which may include random testing to determine whether or not defendant has reverted to using drugs or alcohol. The Court authorizes the release of available drug treatment evaluations and reports to the substance abuse provider, as approved by the probation officer. Defendant shall be required to contribute the costs of services rendered in an amount to be determined by the probation officer, based on the Defendant's ability to pay.

(Rev. 06/05) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case Cument 3

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Judgment -

Sheet 5 - Criminal Monetary Penalties

(NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (*))

Eugene Okoh

CASE NUMBER: 06 CR 0009

CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES The defendant must pay the following total criminal monetary penalties under the schedule of payments on Sheet 6. Restitution <u>Assessment</u> \$ 32,512.40 **TOTALS** \$ 100 ☐ The determination of restitution is deferred until . An Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case (AO 245C) will be entered after such determination. X The defendant shall make restitution (including community restitution) to the following payees in the amount listed below. If the defendant makes a partial payment, each payee shall receive an approximately proportioned payment, unless specified otherwise in the priority order or percentage payment column below. However, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i), all nonfederal victims must be paid before the United States is paid. Name of Payee **Priority or Percentage** Total Loss* Restitution Ordered Charter Oak Federal Credit Union, 32 Chicago Avenue Groton, CT 06241, ATTN: \$10,000 \$10,000 pro rata Account #0000278420 Charter Oak Federal Credit Union, c/o Chubb Group of Insurance Companies Claims Dep't, 12 Vreeland Road PO Box 97, Florham Park, NJ 07932-0975, Re: Policy #8191-12-50/043 \$9,530 \$9,530 pro rata Global Credit Union, P.O. Box 3200, Spokane, WA 99220, Attn: Joyce Lockhard \$5,982.40 \$5,982.40 pro rata Royal Credit Union, P.O. Box 970, Eau Claire, WI 54702 \$7,000 \$7,000 pro rata **TOTALS** \$ 32<u>,512,40</u> 32,512.40 Restitution amount ordered pursuant to plea agreement \$ The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on Sheet 6 may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g). The court determined that the defendant does not have the ability to pay interest, and it is ordered that: . 🗆 the interest requirement is waived for restitution. ☐ fine the interest requirement for restitution is modified as follows: fine

^{*} Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

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AQ 245C

9-				
(NOTE:	Identify C	hanges with	Asterisks	(*))

DEFENDANT: CASE NUMBER: Eugene Okoh 06 CR 0009

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

На	ving	assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties shall be due as follows:
A	X	Lump sum payment of \$ 100 due immediately, balance due
		not later than , or X in accordance with C, D, E, or X F below; or
В		Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with C, D, or F below); or
C	□.	Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or
D	□	Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or
E		Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or
F	_	Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:
		If the defendant is engaged in a BOP non-Unicor work program, he shall pay \$25 per quarter toward the criminal financial penalties. However, if he participates in the BOP's Unicor program as a Grade 1 through 4, he shall pay 50% of his monthly Unicor earnings toward the criminal financial penalties, consistent with BOP regulations. The balance of the restitution shall be paid in monthly installments of 10% of gross monthly income over a period of supervision to commence 30 days after release from custody.
duri Inm	ng the	e court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due e period of imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' nancial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court. Idant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.
	Joint	and Several
	Defe corre	ndant and Co-Defendant Names and Case Numbers (including defendant number), Joint and Several Amount, and sponding payee, if appropriate.
	The c	lefendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.
	The d	lefendant shall pay the following court cost(s):
	The d	lefendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:
Payn (5) fi AO 24	ne int	shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) fine principal, erest, (6) community restitution, (7) penalties, and (8) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs. (Rev. 06/05) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case Sheet 6A — Schedule of Payments (NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (*))

Document 3



VI/12/2001 14.VI TAN 2020002009

United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

JAN 12 2007

Mr. Eugene Okoh 210 Stagg Walk, 4B Brooklyn, New York 11204

Dear Mr. Okoh:

This letter is to advise you that United States passport number 216311494, issued to you in the name of Eugene Okoh on February 8, 2006, at the National Passport Center is revoked.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 51.72 in Title 22 United States Code of Federal Regulations, passport number 216311494 and any other U.S. passport that might have been issued to you is revoked and is no longer valid. The provisions of Section 51.72 of Title 22 of the United States Code of Federal regulations state in pertinent part:

"51.72 Revocation of restriction of passports: A passport may be revoked or restricted or limited where:...(b) The passport has been obtained illegally, by fraud, or has been fraudulently altered, or has been fraudulently misused, or has been issued in error".

According to Department of State records, on February 2, 2006 you executed an application for a United States passport before a Passport Agent at the United States Post Office, FDR Station in New York, New York. In support of that application you submitted your foreign birth certificate, your alien registration card showing that you entered the U.S. on February 11, 2002, and your mother's Certificate of Naturalization, which showed that she acquired U.S. citizenship on August 26, 1996. Regrettably, on that documentation you were issued passport number 216311494.

According to documents submitted to this office, during a routine Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services (BCIS) review of your file, it was determined that you did

not have a claim to U. S. citizenship since you were over the age of 18 when your mother, Igwilohi Obadan was naturalized as a United States citizen on August 26, 1996.

The documents you submitted do not support your claim to U.S. nationality. Therefore, you are not entitled to a U.S. passport, in accordance with Section 212 of Title 22 of the United States Code, and Section 51.2(a) Title 22, United States Code of Federal Regulations, which provide that a U.S. passport may be issued only to a citizen or national of the United States.

In accordance with Sections 51.9 and 51.76 of Title 22 of the C.F.R, a U.S. passport remains the property of the United States Government and must be surrendered on demand. Therefore, you are requested to surrender passport number 216311494 and any other U.S. passport in your possession to the agent delivering this letter. Any further use of a U.S. passport issued to you would constitute a felony violation of Section 1514 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

In accordance with Section 51.80(a)(1) of Title 22 of the C.F.R., you are not entitled to any administrative review of the decision.

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Gail Neelon, Director
Office of Legal Affairs
And Law Enforcement Liaison

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